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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/020,270	12/12/2001	Michael Black	RLT-112	9155	
758	7590 10/03/2005		EXAMINER		
	& WEST LLP	JUNG, WILLIAM C			
	ALLEY CENTER RNIA STREET	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94041			3737		

DATE MAILED: 10/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Application N	Application No. Applicant(s)						
		10/020,270		BLACK, MICHAEL					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		William Jung		3737					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 20 June 2005.							
·	his action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.								
′=	secution as to the	e merits is							
<i>,</i> —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims									
4)	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-99</u> is/are pending in the application.								
, —	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
· · · · ·	☐ Claim(s) 1-99 is/are rejected.								
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requ	irement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
	·	raminer							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
	,, ,	• • •	•	• •	FR 1.121(d).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119									
_	•	oreian priority under	35 S C	(d) or (f)					
·	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f	oreign priority under	35 U.S.C. 9 119(a)	-(a) or (i).					
a)L	a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
A44	W-1								
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)									
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date									
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO		Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTC)-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:									

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-99 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-18, 24, 26, 28-49, 55, 57-70, 76, and 78-99 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Lemelson* (US 5,995,866) in view of *Sucha et al* (US 6,445,491 B2).

Lemelson substantially disclose all claimed features in claims 1-18, 24, 26, 28-49, 55, 57-70, 76, and 78-99.

Claims 1-5, 13-18, 24, 30, 34, 35, 39-44, 48, 49, 55, 58, 60-65, 69, 70, 76, and 79:

Lemelson discloses a method and apparatus where multiple laser diagnostic beams are simultaneously deliver a laser diagnostic beam to a targeted region for diagnosis using fluorescence emission with each laser having variable control of laser beam parameter such as power level or intensity, wavelengths, fluence, spot size (aperture), and linear delivery of the laser by scanning along a surface (raster scan), and three dimensional parameter (col. 5, lines 48-65; col. 6, lines 9-19; col. 6, lines 49-59). In addition, Lemelson discloses further that the diagnostic laser can be combined to delivery therapeutic laser treatment to the region of interest (col. 9, lines 39-45). The apparatus also includes computer/microprocessor where the parameters

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of the laser beam and detection 41a are in operation with the master computer microprocessor as shown in figure 5. Figure 5 also shows that each laser element 59 and 60 are controlled separate control. However, Lemelson do not specifically disclose that the combined diagnostic beams are co-propagating. In optical imaging art, the combination of light or laser beam which co-propagate is well known as taught by Sucha et al (col. 7, lines 16-45). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teachings of Sucha et al's co-propagating beam to Lemelson's device and method above to improve the propagation of the beams to substantially focus on the common region.

Claims 6-9: Lemelson disclose of detection element 31 in figure 2which detects fluorescence emission and analyzed by image and spectral analyzing computer as shown in figure 6.

Claims 10-12, 26, 28, 29, 45-47, 57, 66-68, and 78: Lemelson shows in figures 3 and 4 where the laser beam emitters 41, 46 and 41', 46' have multiple optical path with articulated arms or waveguides. The laser beams elicit fluorescent emission from the target, which crosses path from the photodetector to acquire image data (col. 7, lines 9-39; figure 7).

Claims 30-33, 59, and 80: Lemelson discloses that the means to enhance fluorescence emission includes scanning biological tissue, chemical compound, biochemical compound, physical structure, fluid, food, or bioengineer composition (col. 5, lines 16-27).

Claims 36-38: Lemelson discloses that the apparatus is handheld device and it is portable (col. 1, lines 41-45).

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4. Claims 19-23, 27, 50-54, and 71-75 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Lemelson* and *Sucha et al* as applied to claims 1, 26, 39, and 60 above, and further in view of *Sevick-Muraca et al* (US 5,865,754).

Lemelson and Sucha et al substantially disclose all claimed features in claims 19-23, 27, 50-54, and 71-75 as described above. However, neither Lemelson nor Sucha et al explicitly teach a laser delivery comprises a mirror-based optical delivery with beam splitter. In Sevick-Muraca et al, is it well known in the art at the transmission of laser is achieve with beam splitter 126 (in figure 1), which is a mirror based optical delivery. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teachings of Sevick-Muraca et al to Lemelson and Sucha et al's apparatus above where the transmission of the laser is controlled by beam splitter.

5. Claims 25, 56, and 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Lemelson* and *Sucha et al* as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of *Richards-Kortum* et al (US 5,421,337).

Lemelson and Sucha et al substantially disclose all claimed features in claims 25, 56, and 77 as described above. However, neither Lemelson nor Sucha et al specifically teach the application of the laser in endoscope delivery means. In Richards-Kortum et al, it is well known in the art that the laser imaging can be achieved by placing laser with optical fiber in a diagnostic probe (figure 1a, 1b, and 28), which is used endoscopically to image the cavities of a patient. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the teachings of Richards-Kortum et al to Lemelson and Sucha et al's apparatus above to image the inner cavities of the patient.

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William Jung, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-4739. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30 AM to 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on 571-272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

ALI IMAM PRIMARY EXAMINER

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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September 19, 2005